

Case study “BASF2”

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Brussels**

BASF' Profile



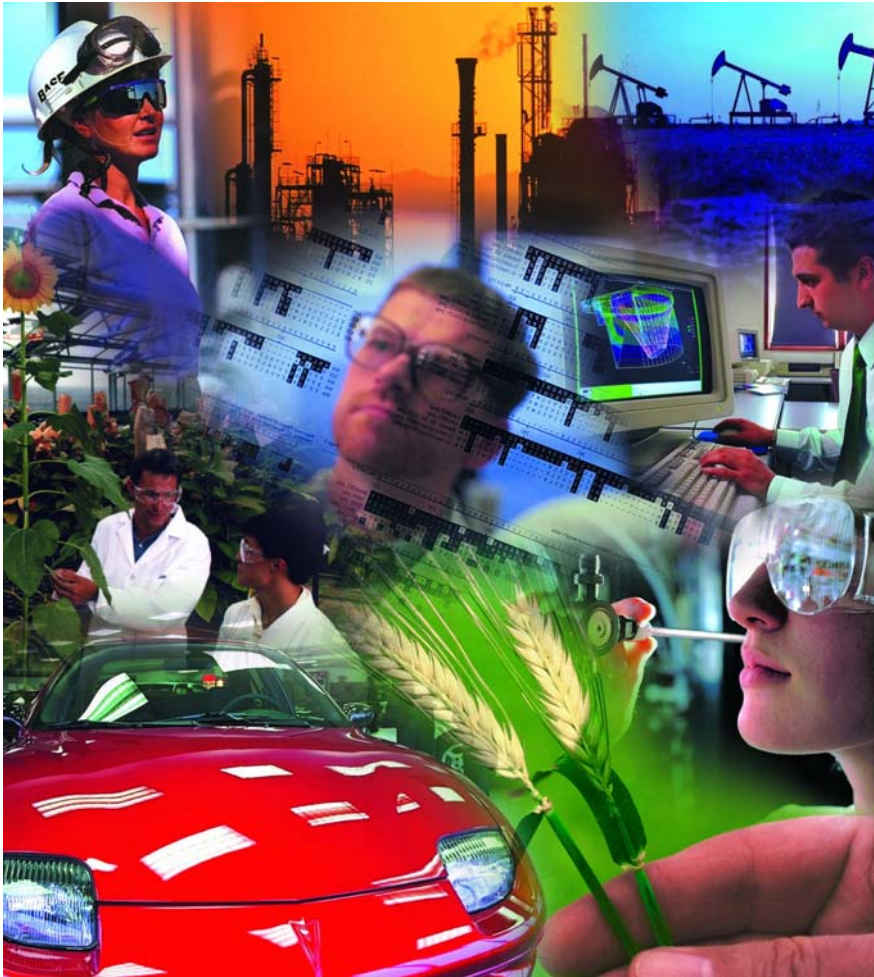
- The world's leading chemical company
- Adding value through growth and innovation
- Oriented toward Sustainable Development
- Operating internationally
- Active portfolio management

Ludwigshafen Site



- BASF's first and largest production site worldwide
- More than 8,000 products
- 7.11 km² site
- About 2,000 buildings
- About 115 km of roads
- About 211 km of rail track
- About 2,000 km of above-ground piping

Making Products Better



- BASF's products and services should benefit mankind.
- BASF's products help satisfy people's basic need for food, clothing, shelter, health and mobility, while providing for a better day-to-day standard of living.
- BASF therefore contributes to solving the problems of a growing global population.

BASF's Segments

Segments

Products (examples)

Chemicals

Petrochemical feedstocks, plasticizers, electronic grade chemicals, glues and resins, amines, diols, intermediates for paints, fibers and fine chemicals

Plastics & Fibers

Styrene, styrene-based polymers, specialty foams, engineering plastics, polyols, isocyanates, polyurethane systems and polyurethane specialty elastomers, fiber intermediates, nylon-based fibers

Performance Products

Textile and leather chemicals, pigments, raw materials for detergents, gasoline and diesel additives, refinery chemicals, superabsorbents, adhesive raw materials, paper chemicals, construction chemicals, automotive coatings

Agricultural Products

Herbicides, fungicides, insecticides, vitamins, pharmaceutical active ingredients, UV absorbers

Oil & Gas

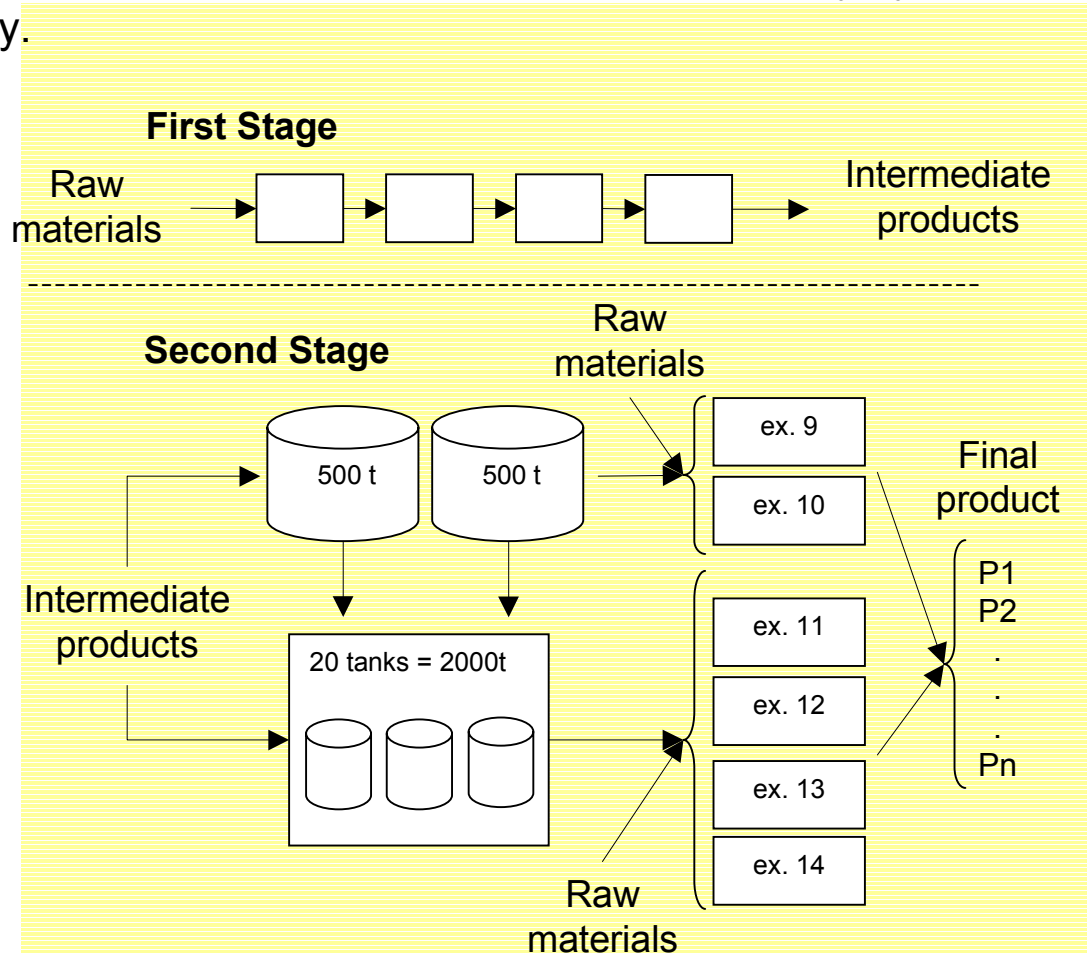
Crude oil and natural gas (exploration, production and trading)

Case study “BASF 2”: Polypropylene Production

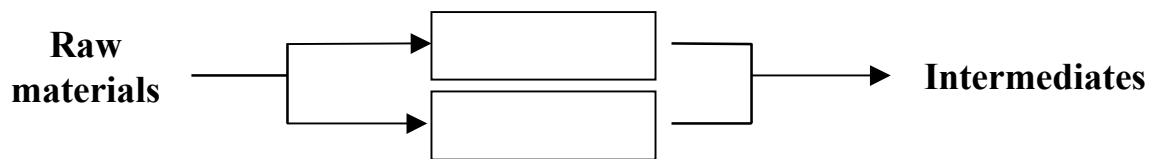
Polypropylenes are mostly “commodities”: competition is keen, customers decide mostly by price, in the second order by service and flexibility.

Manual planning (without optimisation):

- needed three days
- no chance to consider quality aspects
- low flexibility at the occurrence of disturbances
- difficulties to react to short-term demands

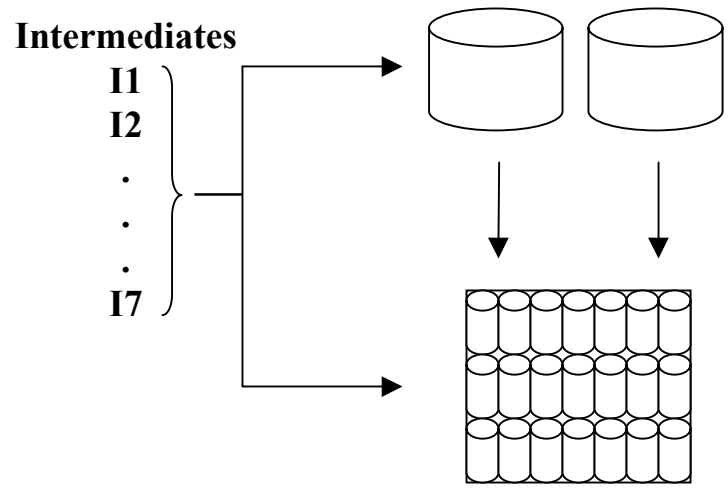


Polymerisation Stage



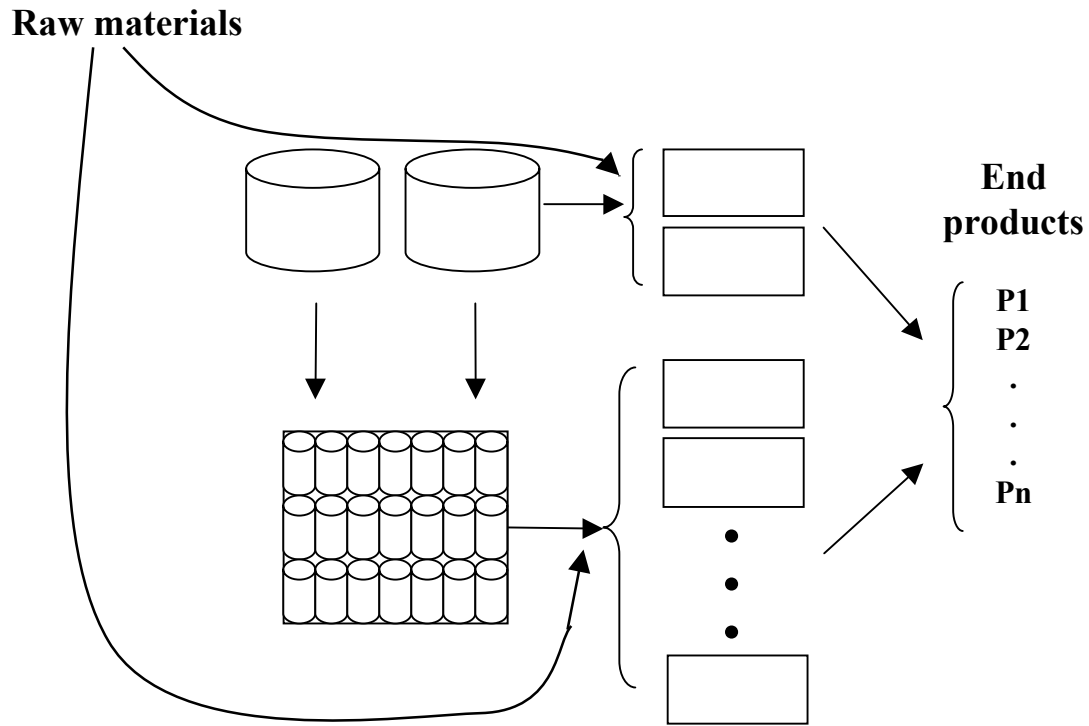
- Continuous production on 24 hours/day
- Campaign production with variable size
- Sequence-dependent changeover times

Intermediate Storage



- Storage of intermediate products before the second stage
- Limited capacity
- Only one product per silo

Extrusion Stage



- Continuous production on 24 hours/day
- Campaign production with variable size
- Production rate depends on product and machine

The Optimisation Problem

Lot-Sizing Problem: Distribute anticipated customer demand for the next three months into campaigns of variable size

Assignment problem: Determine the machine for each campaign

Sequencing problem: Find a valid sequence for each individual machine

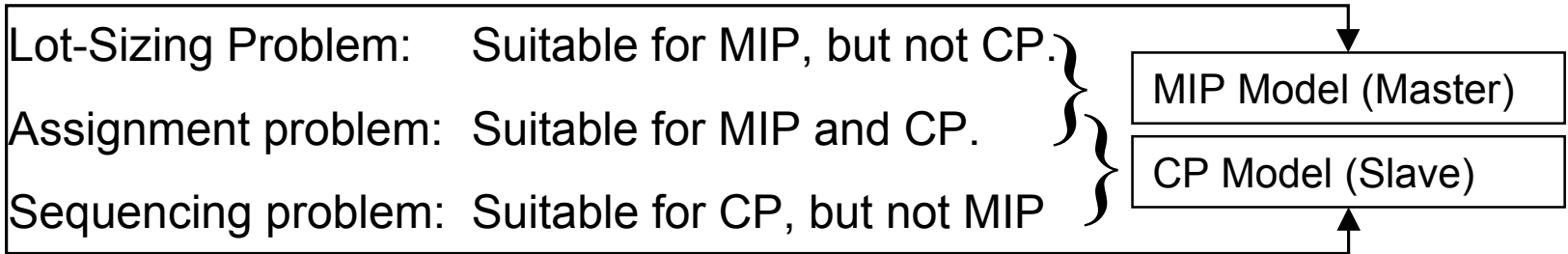
Global objective: Minimize inventory while respecting the customers due dates

We can not

- solve lot-sizing without assignment, because machines are very different in speed
- solve assignment without sequencing, because of strong restrictions on changeovers
- solve sequencing without lot-sizing, because of the limited buffer size for intermediates and complex temporal relationships between campaigns

We have to solve all three problems simultaneously!

The Optimiser's Problem

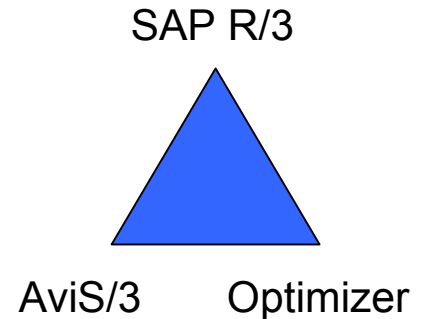


use MIP and CP
 We can ~~not solve all three problems~~ simultaneously!

Implementation and Results

Software:

- XPRESS-MP (Dash Optimisation) for MIP
- CHIP (Cosytec) for CP
- Advanced Visual Scheduler (BIS) for Visualisation



Benefits:

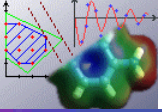
- Optimal plan (w.r.t objective function) available in less than 10 minutes
- Total planning process needs a few hours
- Flexibility, Reactivity

Visual Scheduler (AviS/3)

The screenshot displays the 'Leitstand zur Auftragsplanung' (Order Planning Status) window. The main area is a Gantt chart with a time axis from 26.03.01 to 16.04.01. The chart is divided into weekly segments (Mo, Di, Mi, Do, Fr, Sa, So) and contains various colored blocks representing different materials and their scheduled periods. Material IDs such as 0200001, 02000044, 010010528, 01000929, 010010010, and 01000201 are visible. The bottom of the window features a 'To Do' list, a 'Sequence' table, and a detailed view of the current meeting (23.03.01, KW 12).

To Do	Demand-filter	Clip board	Order-filter	Sequence
#	Number	Name	Aufträge	
●	010000653	Material 010000653	2	
●	010000655	Material 010000655	1	
●	010000740	Material 010000740	2	
●	010000741	Material 010000741	2	
●	010000762	Material 010000762	1	
●	010000766	Material 010000766	1	

Meeting: 23.03.01
 started: 16:30:58
 Start-Zustand
 232 Scheduled products



Outlook

Many supply chain optimisation problems in process industry involve the three aspects of lot-sizing, assignment and sequencing

- With the combined MIP/CP algorithm based on Mosel even very complex supply chain planning problems can be formulated and solved with a few hundred lines of code.
- Independent of hardware platforms and software environment
- A second implementation of the combined approach is already being implemented at BASF